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A NOVEL APPROACH TO ASSEMBLE THE COMPLEX B CHROMOSOME USING A
COMBINATION OF MODERN GENOMICS TECHNOLOGIES

Botucatu, SP
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Thesis submitted to the Postgraduate Program in Biological Sciences (Genetics) of the Institute of Bio sciences of Botucatu from the State Universityof São Paulo “Júlio de Mesquita Filho” for achievement of the Ph.D. in Biological Sciences (Genetics).

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ABSTRACT

B chromosomes (Bs) are nonvital extra chromosomes found in diverse eukaryotic species including fungi, plants and animals. Among hundreds of investigated species, cichlid genomes offer fascinating models for studying B chromosome biology. Despite the extensive investigations, Bs are poorly understood mainly in relation to mechanisms of their own evolutionary survival as well as their structural and functional impact on genome organization. Our previous studies identified several sequences (genes and repeats) on the B of the cichlid fish *Astatotilapia latifasciata* but the complete genomic map of B chromosome has been missing. Here, we generated a chromosome-scale *A. latifasciata* genome with the B chromosome assembly by adopting integrative approach that combined deep coverage Pacific Biosciences single-molecule real-time (Pacbio long reads), high-throughput chromatin conformation capture (Hi-C) mapping, and Illumina (short-reads) sequencing. The assembled genome spans a total of 0.93 giga base pairs (Gb) genome with contig and scaffold N50 values of 3.4 and 36.2 mega base pairs (Mb) respectively. Compared with our previous Illumina based assembly, this upgraded genome is much more complete, and accurate. The annotation of core eukaryotic genes and universal single-copy orthologs has also been significantly improved and a total 150 Mb region has now been recovered, which was missing (in the previous assembly). We identified 759 protein-coding genes in the 34 Mb genomic content of B chromosome, of which at most of the genes showed a reduced level of expression as compared to A chromosomes. Our results demonstrate a substantial higher amount of transposable elements (TEs) mainly long terminal repeats (LTRs) retrotransposons (mean density 47.6) on the B chromosome as compared to the standard A chromosome set (mean density 10.45). We further applied whole-genome chromosome conformation capture (Hi-C) and in silico modeling methods to characterize the three dimensional (3D) architecture of and A and B chromosomes in the *A. latifasciata* genome. Remarkably, we observed a differential level organization of the chromatin into topologically associated domains (TADs) between 0B and 1B genomes. On a global level, the Hi-C interaction matrices of 1B genome are characterized by a relative gain of long-range and loss of short-range interactions within chromosomes indicating the impact of B chromosome on three-dimensional landscape of genome. Additionally, comparative analysis of *A. latifasciata* genome with other

cichlids genomes enabled us to detect the phylogenomic diversification and chromosomal rearrangements including fusions and inversions providing interesting insights in co-ancestral cichlids gene evolution.

Keywords: Cichlid genome; supernumerary chromosome; Hi-C; 3D genome, Genes evolution

6 CONCLUSION

This study provides advances and contributions towards understanding the genomic composition structure, function and evolution of B chromosome in the cichlid fish. Generating a chromosome scale genome of *A. latifasciata*, our study provides crucial insights into B chromosome biology and reveals the genomic content of B chromosome updating significant additions to the sequences identified previously by Valente et al. (2014). The 3D genomic and bioinformatic approaches employed here broaden the study of karyotypes and chromosomes and fills the knowledge gaps in ways which were not possible using classical or even molecular cytogenetics alone. Long reads sequencing, and chromatin conformation capture technologies create new opportunities for understanding the function and evolution of sequences on B chromosomes. The genome assembly accomplished in the study significantly upgraded the previous version assembly recovering an addition of 150 Mb with a considerable 34 Mb of B chromosome content. The comprehensive genes annotations and repeat annotations using updated models and bioinformatic tools, described herein, will serve as a resource for expanding the compendium of B chromosome and reveal its impact on the host genome. The genes and repeatomic annotation found a high TEs density and low genes density on the B chromosome. Parallel to developing the annotation resource, we provide a methodological framework for assessing the three-dimensional genomic landscape of cichlid genome particularly in the context of the B chromosome dynamics inside the cell. The genomic and transcriptomics scale analyses together with exhaustive assessment of the Hi-C comparisons in the presence of B chromosome, sets the stage for functional studies to disentangle the role of B chromosome and for unlocking the mechanisms essential for driving the chromosome scale evolution. Deeper exploration of Hi-C data also suggests the complexity of genetic mechanisms in organization of TADs and further illustrate the myriad mechanisms by which B chromosome might become major contributor to induce differential TADs interactions in the host genome. Furthermore,

our transcriptomic profiling of B localized genes showed a reduced level expression, indicating the B chromosome may follow the partial inactivation, with exception of certain active genes which can represent advantages for B chromosome survival in the cell.

Finally, the availability of the *A. latifasciata* chromosome scale genome assembly is also of great importance because it is very common fish in the aquarium, which is fortunate because it is now presumed extinct in the wild habitat of African lakes and also occupying a unique evolutionary position among cichlids species. In addition, the high-quality chromosome-level assembly obtained herein provides useful genetic information for accelerating the progress of B chromosome and sex chromosome origin, evolution and composition, as well as functional gene discovery and comparative genomics across the cichlid's family. Despite remaining unanswered questions, our reference genomes are the most complete and highest quality to date for a cichlid species with B chromosome. In broader way, our work demonstrates the need to increase efforts toward achieving chromosome-level assemblies for cichlids and other species to fully understand the complexity and evolution of genomes and chromosomes.

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8 SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The supplementary data including supplementary figures and supplementary tables can be accessed using NNNNNNN link.

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