

CORRECTION

[View Article Online](#)
[View Journal](#) | [View Issue](#)
Cite this: *Nanoscale*, 2025, **17**, 19966

Correction: Nanophotonics of mid-infrared plasmon-polaritons at interfaces between metals and two-dimensional crystals

Flávio H. Feres,^{*a} Ingrid D. Barcelos,^a Dario A. Bahamon,^{b,c} João E. Levandoski,^d Andrea Mancini,^e Thiago M. dos Santos,^a Rafael A. Mayer,^{a,f} Davi H. S. Camargo,^g Carlos C. B. Bufon,^h Adrian Cernescu,ⁱ Stefan A. Maier,^{j,k} Raul de O. Freitas^a and Francisco C. B. Maia^{*a}

DOI: 10.1039/d5nr90162f
rsc.li/nanoscale

Correction for 'Nanophotonics of mid-infrared plasmon-polaritons at interfaces between metals and two-dimensional crystals' by Flávio H. Feres, *et al.*, *Nanoscale*, 2025, **17**, 13229–13237, <https://doi.org/10.1039/D4NR04543B>.

The authors regret an error in the funding information included in the Acknowledgements section in the published article. The corrected Acknowledgements section should read as follows.

All Brazilian authors thank the Brazilian Synchrotron Light Source (LNLS) for providing beamtime for SINS and s-SNOM experiments at the Imbuia Beamline of Sirius (Proposal 20232881). NeaSpec GmbH is acknowledged for its technical assistance. F. H. F. and R. O. F. acknowledge FAPESP support through the postdoc grant 2023/09839-5. F. C. B. M., and I. D. B. acknowledge financial support from the FAPESP (2022/02901-4). I. D. B., R. O. F. and F. C. B. M. acknowledge the CNPq through the research grants 306170/2023-0, 309946/2021-2, and 313672/2021-0, respectively. R. O. F. acknowledges the support from the FAPESP Young Investigator grant 2019/14017-9. I. D. B. acknowledges the financial support from the Brazilian Nanocarbon Institute of Science and Technology (INCT/Nanocarbono). D. A. B. acknowledges support from CAPES-PRINT (88887.310281/2018-00) and Mackpesquisa. The authors also thank the Brazilian Nanotechnology National Laboratory (LNNano) and LNLS, both part of the Brazilian Centre for Research in Energy and Materials (CNPEM), a private non-profit organization under the supervision of the Brazilian Ministry for Science, Technology, and Innovations (MCTI), for sample preparation and characterization.

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

^aBrazilian Synchrotron Light Laboratory (LNLS), Brazilian Center for Research in Energy and Materials (CNPEM), Zip Code 13083-970, Campinas, Sao Paulo, Brazil.
 E-mail: flavio.feres@lnls.br, francisco.maia@lnls.br

^bMackGrappe – Graphene and Nanomaterials Research Institute, Mackenzie Presbyterian University, São Paulo – 01302-907, Brazil

^cSchool of Engineering, Mackenzie Presbyterian University, São Paulo – 01302-907, Brazil

^dDepartment of Materials and Bioprocesses Engineering, School of Chemical Engineering, University of Campinas, Campinas, Brazil

^eChair in Hybrid Nanosystems, Nanoinstitute Munich, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität Munich, Königinstrasse 10, 80539 Munich, Germany

^fPhysics Department, Gleb Wataghin Physics Institute, University of Campinas (Unicamp), 13083-859 Campinas, Sao Paulo, Brazil

^gBrazilian Laboratory of Nanotechnology (LNNano), Brazilian Center for Research in Energy and Materials (CNPEM), Zip Code 13083-970, Campinas, Sao Paulo, Brazil

^hInstitute of Geosciences and Exact Sciences, São Paulo State University (UNESP), Rio Claro, Brazil

ⁱAttocube Systems AG, 85540 Haar-Munich, Germany

^jSchool of Physics and Astronomy, Monash University, Clayton, 3800 VIC, Australia

^kBlackett Laboratory, Imperial College London, London, SW7 2AZ, UK

