



Corrigendum

Erratum to “Neutron- ^{19}C scattering: Emergence of universal properties in a finite range potential” [Phys. Lett. B 764 (2017) 196]M.A. Shalchi^{a,*}, M.T. Yamashita^a, M.R. Hadizadeh^{b,c}, T. Frederico^d, Lauro Tomio^{a,d}^a Instituto de Física Teórica, UNESP – Univ. Estadual Paulista, 01140-070, São Paulo, Brazil^b Institute for Nuclear and Particle Physics and Department of Physics and Astronomy, Ohio University, Athens, OH 45701, USA^c College of Science and Engineering, Central State University, Wilberforce, OH 45384, USA^d Instituto Tecnológico de Aeronáutica, DCTA, 12228-900, São José dos Campos, Brazil

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ABSTRACT

Numerical results for the function $(1 - E_K/E_0)k \cot \delta_0^R$, as given in Phys. Lett. B 764 (2017) 196, are revised. Fig. 2 and Tables 2 and 3 should be replaced by the following corresponding figure and tables. The conclusions of the original paper remain unchanged.

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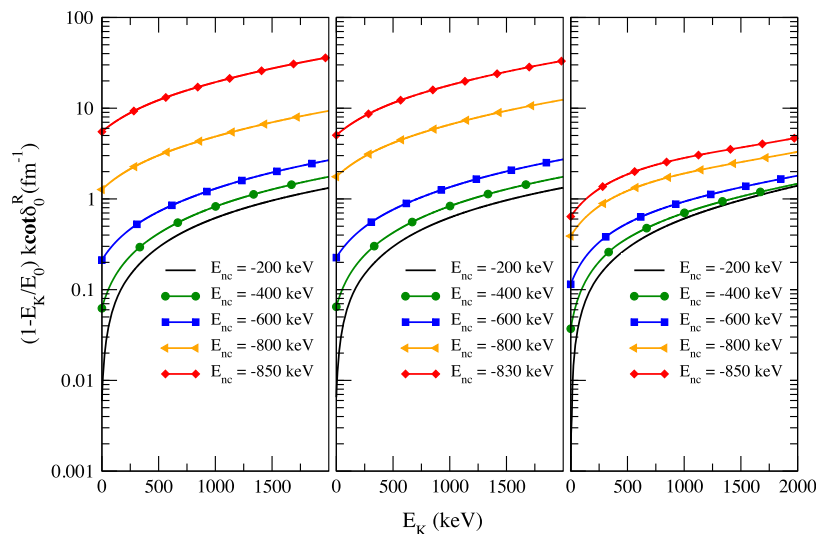


Fig. 2. The function $(1 - E_K/E_0)k \cot \delta_0^R$, where E_0 is the pole position, is given in terms of $E_K \equiv k^2/(2\mu_{n,n.c})$, by considering renormalized zero-range (left frame), low-range (middle frame) and high-range (right frame) potentials. For each case, the results are shown for different values of the two-body binding energy E_{nc} , as indicated inside the frames.

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We have revised Fig. 2 and Tables 2 and 3. We are correcting a mistake we did in handling our final data table. We provide the new fitting with correct data sets to replace the corresponding ones in Tables 2 and 3 of the original article [1]. We also should

Table 2
Effective-range parameters, obtained by fitting Eq. (12) to Fig. 2, when considering different values of $|E_{19C}|$ (first column) with short-range potentials.

$ E_{19C} $ (keV)	$-1/a$ (fm ⁻¹)	b (fm.keV) ⁻¹	c (fm.keV ²) ⁻¹	E_0 (keV)	d (fm ⁻¹)	r_{nc} (fm)
200	0.006	$5.579 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$5.717 \cdot 10^{-8}$	1304	0.831	0.157
400	0.066	$6.742 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$9.144 \cdot 10^{-8}$	749.0	0.622	0.174
600	0.234	$9.840 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$1.316 \cdot 10^{-7}$	402.9	0.652	0.190
800	1.798	$4.467 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$3.519 \cdot 10^{-7}$	78.86	2.153	0.205
830	5.149	$1.198 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$8.578 \cdot 10^{-7}$	28.98	5.497	0.208

Table 3
Effective-range parameters, obtained by fitting Eq. (12) to Fig. 2, when considering different values of $|E_{19C}|$ (first column) with high-range potentials.

$ E_{19C} $ (keV)	$-1/a$ (fm ⁻¹)	b (fm.keV) ⁻¹	c (fm.keV ²) ⁻¹	E_0 (keV)	d (fm ⁻¹)	r_{nc} (fm)
200	0.005	$5.267 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$7.580 \cdot 10^{-8}$	881.9	0.528	2.736
400	0.042	$6.319 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$2.806 \cdot 10^{-8}$	537.7	0.390	3.233
600	0.122	$8.395 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$-2.372 \cdot 10^{-8}$	324.8	0.392	3.720
800	0.405	$1.746 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$-2.332 \cdot 10^{-7}$	132.9	0.633	4.255
850	0.661	$2.603 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$-4.228 \cdot 10^{-7}$	85.60	0.880	4.403

point out a mistype in the value of β_{nc} given in Table 1. Instead of $\beta_{nc} = 0.477$, it should be $\beta_{nc} = 0.474$. We emphasize that all conclusions presented in [1] are not affected by the revised data fitting.

Acknowledgements

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References

[1] M.A. Shalchi, et al., Phys. Lett. B 764 (2017) 196.